

Name of the Course	: B.A. (Prog)
Unique Paper Code	: 62351201_OC
Name of the Paper	: Algebra
Semester	: II
Duration	: 3 Hours
Maximum Marks	: 75

Attempt any four questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Consider the vector space \mathbb{R}^3 and its subset S

$$S = \{(a, b, c) : 3a - 4b + c = 0, a + 2b - c = 0, a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

Show that S is a subset of \mathbb{R}^3 and also find $\dim S$.

Determine whether or not the vectors $(1, -3, 2)$, $(2, 4, 1)$ and $(1, 1, 1)$ form a basis of \mathbb{R}^3

Are the following sets linearly independent or linearly dependent?

$$A = \{(3 - i, 2 + 2i, 4), (2, 2 + 4i, 3), (1 - i, -2i, 1)\}; \quad B = \{(1, 2, 3), (1, 3, 2), (3, 7, 8)\}$$

2. Solve the system of equations:

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + 4y - 6z + w &= 7 \\ x - 2y + 3z - 2w &= -1 \\ x - 3y + 4z - w &= -2 \\ 5x - y + z - 2w &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

Find the rank of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Verify that the matrix B satisfies its own characteristic equation and hence find its inverse

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & -1 & 4 \\ -1 & 12 & -1 \\ 4 & -1 & 12 \end{pmatrix}.$$

3. Show that

$$2^7 \sin^4 2\theta \sin^4 \theta = \cos 12\theta - 4 \cos 10\theta + 2 \cos 8\theta + 12 \cos 6\theta - 17 \cos 4\theta - 8 \cos 2\theta + 14$$

Sum the series

$$\sin \theta \sin 2\theta + \sin 2\theta \sin 3\theta + \sin 3\theta \sin 4\theta + \dots \text{ upto } n \text{ terms}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Solve the equation

$$(z + 1)^7 = z^7 [\cos 7\alpha + i \sin 7\alpha].$$

4. Solve the equation $x^3 - 9x^2 + 23x - 15 = 0$; the roots being in A.P.

If α, β, γ are roots of the equation $x^3 - mx^2 + nx - s = 0$, find the value of

$$\sum \alpha^2\beta \quad , \quad \sum \frac{\alpha^2}{\beta\gamma}$$

Find all the roots of the equation $x^4 + 2x^3 - 16x^2 - 22x + 7 = 0$, where it is given that $2 + \sqrt{3}$ is one of the roots.

5. Find the multiplicative inverses of the given elements if they exist:

$$[11]_{16} \text{ in } \mathbb{Z}_{16} \quad \text{and} \quad [38]_{83} \text{ in } \mathbb{Z}_{83}.$$

Let a be a fixed element of a group G and let

$$N(t) = \{x \in G : xt = tx\}.$$

Show that $N(t)$ is a subgroup of G .

Find the order and inverse of the permutation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 2 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

6. In permutation group S_6 , if $\alpha = (2\ 3\ 4)$ and $\beta = (2\ 5\ 6)$, then find a permutation ϕ such that $\phi\alpha\phi^{-1} = \beta$.

Let a be a fixed element of a ring R , and let

$$I_s = \{x \in R : sx = 0\}.$$

Show that I_s is a subring of R .

Show that $\mathbb{Z}_8 = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$ is a commutative ring w.r.t. addition modulo 8 and multiplication modulo 8.